#### Giant Impacts

- Impacts long ago in the Solar System?
- Recent impacts?
- Likelihood of a lifethreatening impact with Earth?
- What would happen?



What happens when chunks of rock or ice hit planets?

#### EVIDENCE FOR IMPACTS: CRATERS

#### Craters plentiful on many solid surfaces throughout SS

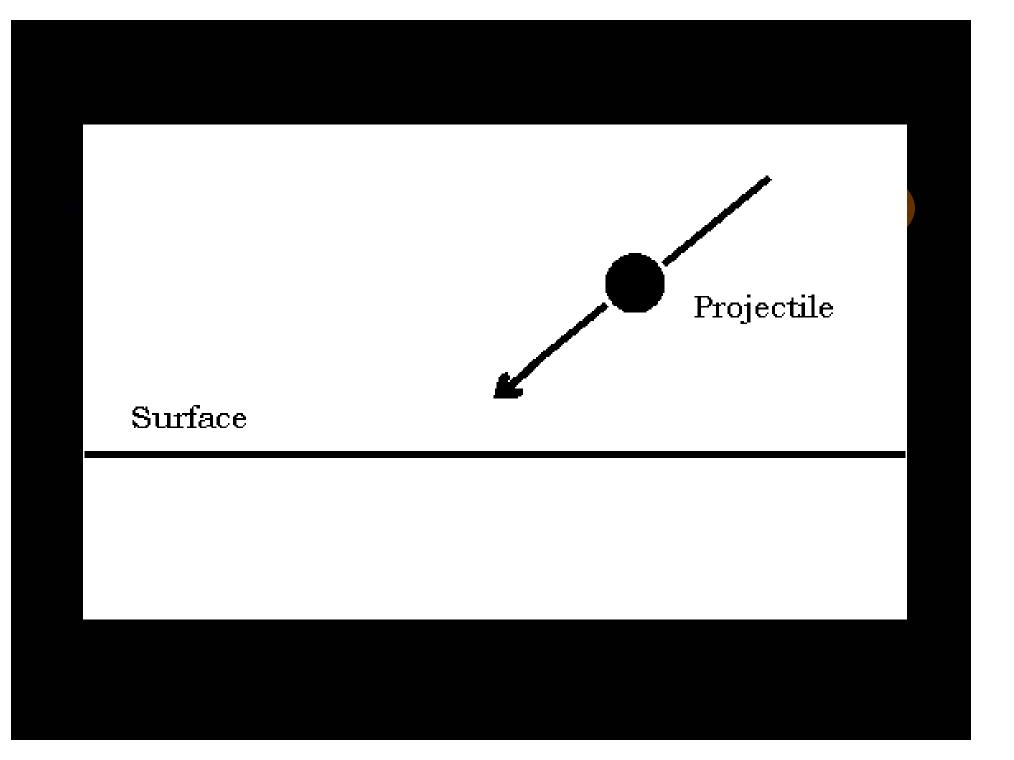


Moon

Moon of Saturn

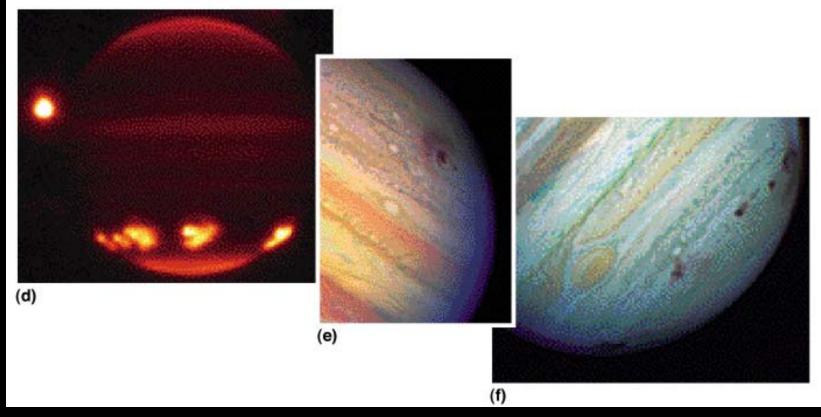
# CRATERS (ctd)





## Recent Impacts: 1994

#### • Comet hit Jupiter



Impacts still occur in the present!!

### GIANT IMPACTS ON EARTH: "RECENT" and FUTURE

- Could Earth be hit by a comet or asteroid?
- Craters \*do\* exist on Earth
- Arizona: 50,000 yr-old, ~1-mile wide crater from asteroid ~1/2 size of football field



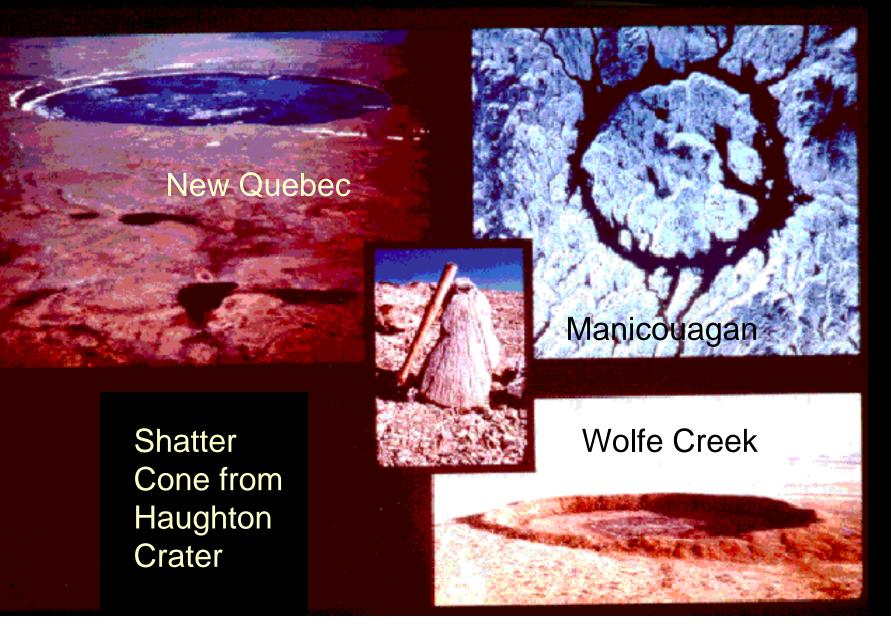
Meteor Crater: Arizona

### **IMPACT BASICS**

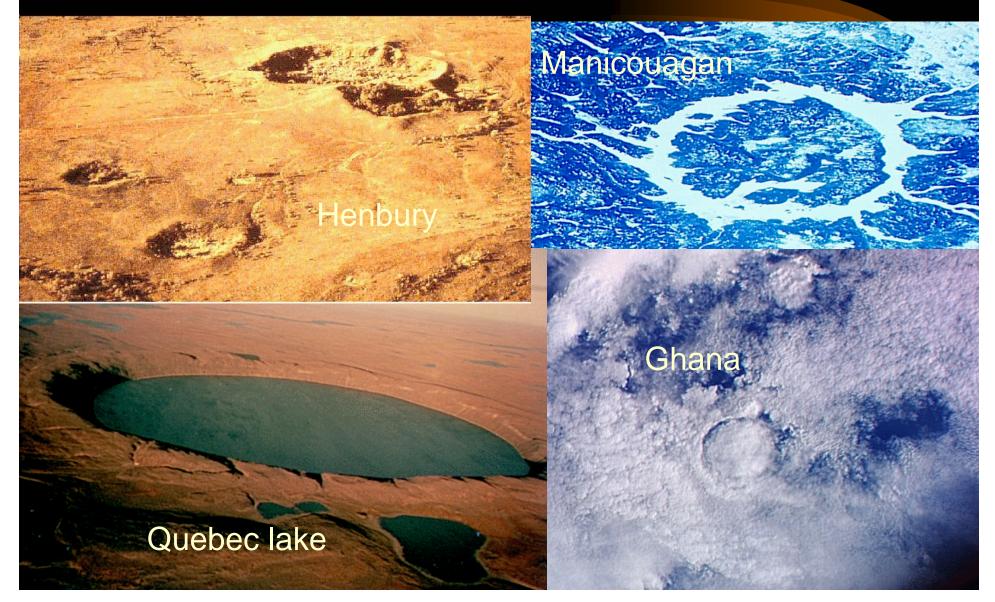
- Craters much bigger than impact object
- Barringer (Arizona) crater (~1 mile wide) produced by 50-ton or 50-m rock



#### **OTHER EARTH CRATERS**



### OTHER EARTH CRATERS (2)



#### Encounters in Human History

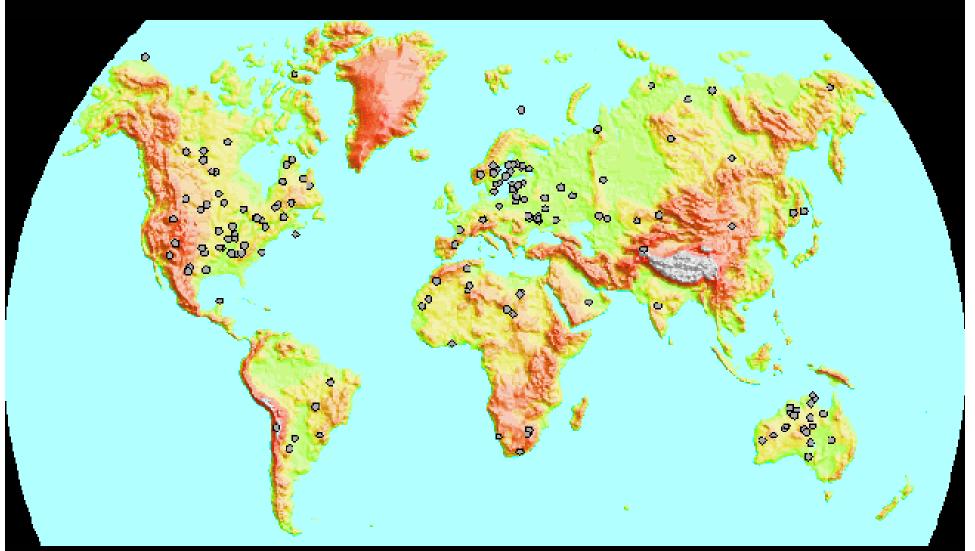
- Atmosphere protects us some, but
  - even objects ~1m in size can reach the ground
  - Meteorite damages building every few years
- October 9, 1992:
  - Meteorite smashed through rear end of car in Peekskill, NY
  - No one hurt, but Chevy Malibu not as lucky
  - Peekskill fireball
- Odds of being hit during your lifetime:
  - Without protection, crude calculation gives odds of ~ 1 in 1 billion

### Tunguska, Siberia, 1908:

- 50-m object caused a huge explosion in the atmosphere
- 2000 square km of flat trees
- Even 8km from ground zero trees flattened



## Map of Earth Craters



Expect one crater > 50 km in size every ~10 million years!
Expect one dino-killing impact every ~ 100 million years!

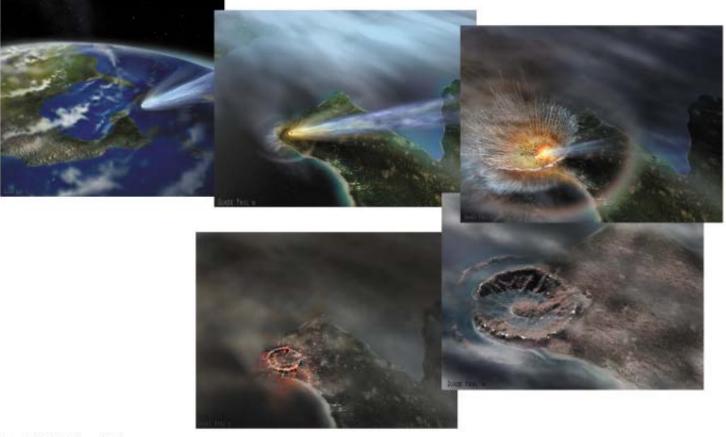
# **IMPACTS:** Consequences

http://janus.astro.umd.edu/astro/impact/

- 0.2-1km asteroid (bigger than Arizona crater maker):
  - Broil creatures within eyesight of atmospheric fireball
  - Fiery debris blasted into space, plummets back to Earth triggering huge fires
  - Skies darkened by soot/dust  $\rightarrow$  block sunlight
  - Formation of poisonous gases
  - Huge earthquakes
  - If hits water instead, raise 35-km high splash in 40 seconds; tsunamis over area size of Pacific Ocean

#### Impacts and Dinosaur Extinction on Earth

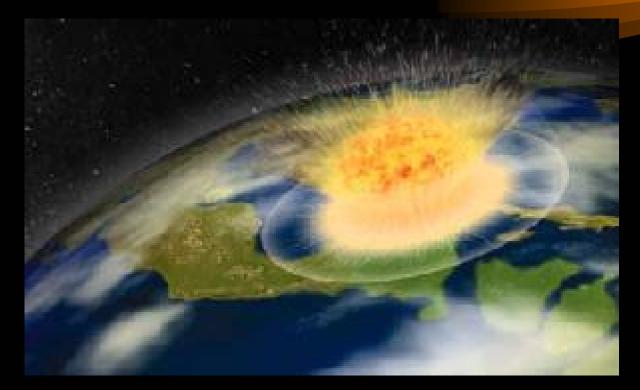
- How does giant impact lead to death of the dinos?
  - debris in atmosphere blocks sunlight; plants die...animals starve
  - poisonous gases form in atmosphere



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### Want to know more about impact effects?

 Another simulator at <u>http://www.lpl.arizona.edu/impacteffects</u>



• Examples at

http://www.ece.arizona.edu/~rmarcus/examples.html