Instructions: Include all relevant work to get full credit.

## Homework 6

1. Poisson Probability Distribution. A random variable X is said to have a Poisson distribution with parameter  $\lambda(\lambda > 0)$  if the pmf of X is

$$p(x;\lambda) = rac{e^{-\lambda}\lambda^x}{x!}$$
  $x = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ 

- **a.** Prove that  $\sum_{x=0}^{\infty} p(x; \lambda) = 1.$  [2]
- **b.** Prove that  $E(X) = \lambda$ .
- **c.** Prove that  $Var(X) = \lambda$ .
- 2. Negative Binomial Distribution. Let Y denote the number of independent identical Bernoulli trials needed until the rth success is observed. If the probability of success in each trial is p, then  $Y \sim NB(y; r, p)$ . That is,

$$p(y) = {\binom{y-1}{r-1}} p^r (1-p)^{y-r} \qquad y = r, r+1, r+2, \dots$$

and 0 elsewhere.

Prove that  $Var(Y) = \frac{r(1-p)}{p^2}$ .

[4]

[2]

[2]